

# MTH 203: Introduction to Groups and Symmetry

## Homework V

(Due 12/10/2022)

### Problems for submission

1. Use the Second isomorphism theorem to show that given positive integers  $m, n$

$$mn = \gcd(m, n)\text{lcm}(m, n).$$

2. Show that every proper subgroup of a group of order 8 is abelian.
3. Let a finite group  $G$  be a direct product of the groups  $\mathbb{Z}_{n_i}$ , for  $1 \leq i \leq k$ . Show that if  $g = (g_1, g_2, \dots, g_k) \in G$ , then

$$o(g) = \text{lcm}(o(g_1), o(g_2), \dots, o(g_k)).$$

[Hint:  $o(g)$  is the smallest integer  $r$  such that  $g_i^r = 1$ , for all  $i$ .]

4. Up to isomorphism, classify all abelian groups of orders 64 and 100.

### Problems for practice

1. Establish the assertions in 3.3 (vii), 4.1 (iii) - (v), and 4.2 (viii) of the Lesson Plan.
2. Given a prime  $p$  and an integer  $k \geq 1$ , show that there exists an abelian group of order  $p^k$  in which every nontrivial element is of order  $p$ .
3. Given a prime  $p$  and an integer  $k \geq 2$ , classify all abelian groups of order  $p^k$ .
4. Show that up to isomorphism and rearrangement the direct product of  $k$  groups  $G_i$ , for  $1 \leq i \leq k$ , is unique.